§430.304

United States Code, and this subpart, for planning, monitoring, developing, evaluating, and rewarding both individual and organizational performance and for using resulting performance information in making personnel decisions.

Performance requirement means a statement of the performance expected for a critical element.

Progress review means a review of the senior executive's progress in meeting the performance requirements. A progress review is not a performance rating.

Ratings: (1) Initial summary rating means an overall rating level the supervisor derives from appraising the senior executive's performance during the appraisal period and forwards to the Performance Review Board.

(2) Annual summary rating means the overall rating level that an appointing authority assigns at the end of the appraisal period after considering a Performance Review Board's recommendations. This is the official rating.

Senior executive performance plan means the written summary of work the senior executive is expected to accomplish during the appraisal period and the requirements against which performance will be evaluated. The plan addresses all critical elements and any other performance elements established for the senior executive.

Strategic planning initiatives means agency strategic plans, annual performance plans, organizational workplans, and other related initiatives.

$\$\,430.304$ SES performance management systems.

- (a) To encourage excellence in senior executive performance, each agency must develop and administer one or more performance management systems for its senior executives.
- (b) Performance management systems must provide for:
- (1) Planning and communicating performance elements and requirements that are linked with strategic planning initiatives;
- (2) Consulting with senior executives on the development of performance elements and requirements;

- (3) Monitoring progress in accomplishing elements and requirements;
- (4) At least annually, appraising each senior executive's performance against requirements using measures that balance organizational results with customer and employee perspectives; and
- (5) Using performance information to adjust pay, reward, reassign, develop, and remove senior executives or make other personnel decisions.
- (c) Additional system requirements—(1) Appraisal period. Each agency must establish an official performance appraisal period for which an annual summary rating must be prepared.
- (i) There must be a minimum appraisal period of at least 90 days.
- (ii) An agency may end the appraisal period any time after the minimum appraisal period is completed, if there is an adequate basis on which to appraise and rate the senior executive's performance.
- (iii) An agency may not appraise and rate a career appointee's performance within 120 days after the beginning of a new President's term of office.
- (2) Summary performance levels. Each performance management system must have at least three summary performance levels: one or more fully successful levels, a minimally satisfactory level, and an unsatisfactory level.
- (3) Method for deriving summary ratings. Agencies must develop a method for deriving summary ratings from appraisals of performance against performance requirements. The method must ensure that only those employees whose performance exceeds normal expectations are rated at levels above fully successful. An agency may not prescribe a forced distribution of rating levels for senior executives.

§ 430.305 Planning and communicating performance.

(a) Each senior executive must have a performance plan that describes the individual and organizational expectations for the appraisal period and sets the requirements against which performance will be evaluated. Supervisors must develop performance plans in consultation with senior executives and communicate the plans to them on or before the beginning of the appraisal period.